Programming and Scripting

Lab Topic 06-Functions

## Introduction.

The first activity on this sheet is a quick quiz, answers are at the end of the sheet.

I would suggest that you create another folder in labs called Topic06-functions, to put the programs you write for the other activities.

You may push this to your GitHub account if you wish.

# function yo takes one parameter

def yo(a):

return a \* 2

# here we are calling the function yo

# and are passing in an argument, 3

yo(3)

## quiz:

1. Look at the program above:
   1. What will be printed out when this program is run?
   2. What would you have to add to the program to get it to print out what the calling the function yo(3) returns?

## Student management program

Last week I got you to make a complicated data structure called student which has two attributes, name and modules which has an array of modules and grades.

This week as an exercise I would like to create a program that allows a user to create new students and to view students. This will be a big program for you.

So we should break it up into smaller bits (this is where functions come in handy)

1. Write a function that prints out a menu of commands we can perform, ie add, view and quit. The function should return what the user chose.

Test the function. We don’t need to worry about error handling yet

What would you like to do?

(a) Add new student

(v) View students

(q) Quit

Type one letter (a/v/q):d

you chose d

Answer

def displayMenu():

print("What would you like to do?")

print("\t(a) Add new student")

print("\t(v) View students")

print("\t(q) Quit")

choice = input("Type one letter (a/v/q):").strip()

return choice

#test the function

choice = displayMenu()

print("you chose {}".format(choice))

1. We will now use that function. Create a program that keeps displaying the menu until the user picks q. if the user chooses a then call a function called doAdd() if the user chooses v then call a function called doView().

(I copied the function from the last function into this program)

def displayMenu():

print("What would you like to do?")

print("\t(a) Add new student")

print("\t(v) View students")

print("\t(q) Quit")

choice = input("Type one letter (a/v/q):").strip()

return choice

def doAdd():

# we fill this in later

print("in adding")

def doView():

# we fill this in later

print("in viewing")

#main program

choice = displayMenu()

while(choice != 'q'):

# we could do this with lamda functions

# I am keeping this basic for the moment

if choice == 'a':

doAdd()

elif choice == 'v':

doView()

elif choice !='q':

print("\n\nplease select either a,v or q")

choice=displayMenu()

What would you like to do?

(a) Add new student

(v) View students

(q) Quit

Type one letter (a/v/q):a

in adding

What would you like to do?

(a) Add new student

(v) View students

(q) Quit

Type one letter (a/v/q):q

(base) andrews-MacBook-Pro:topic06-functions andrewbeatty$

Answer

1. We can now write the function doAdd(). So we need to think what we want this to do.
   1. Read in the students name (that is straightforward)
   2. Read in the module names and grades (this is a bit more complicated so lets put this in separate function and think about it by itself, see 5. below)
   3. Test this function, it creates a student dict, we can print that out.
   4. We should add the student dict to an array (we will use a global array for the moment)
   5. Test this.

Note: I have put this in a separate file, I am not thinking about the menu at the moment, I just what to see if I can read in a student

enter name :Andrew

enter name :Mary

[{'name': 'Andrew', 'modules': []}, {'name': 'Mary', 'modules': []}]

Answer:

students= []

def readModules():

return []

def doAdd():

currentStudent = {}

currentStudent["name"]=input("enter name :")

currentStudent["modules"]= readModules()

students.append(currentStudent)

#test

doAdd()

doAdd()

print (students)

1. We can now think about how to read in the modules. We want to keep reading modules until the user enters a module name of blank.

enter name :Andrew

enter the first Module name (blank to quit) :Programming

enter grade:45

enter next module name (blank to quit) :History

enter grade:90

enter next module name (blank to quit) :

enter name :Mary

enter the first Module name (blank to quit) :

[{'name': 'Andrew', 'modules': [{'name': 'Programming', 'grade': 45}, {'name': 'History', 'grade': 90}]}, {'name': 'Mary', 'modules': []}]

Doesn’t the data structure look ugly, and hard to read. Maybe I should have done the function to view it before the function to add new ones!!

Answer

def readModules():

modules = []

moduleName = input("\tEnter the first Module name (blank to quit) :").strip()

while moduleName != "":

module = {}

module["name"]= moduleName

# I am not doing error handling

module["grade"]=int(input("\t\tEnter grade:"))

modules.append(module)

# now read the next module name

moduleName = input("\tEnter next module name (blank to quit) :").strip()

return modules

**The rest of the program is the same as in 4 above**

1. We can now put these functions into the program we wrote in 3 and see if all works together. Put something into do view for the moment.

# the array we store everything in

students= []

def displayMenu():

print("What would you like to do?")

print("\t(a) Add new student")

print("\t(v) View students")

print("\t(q) Quit")

choice = input("Type one letter (a/v/q):").strip()

return choice

def doAdd():

currentStudent = {}

currentStudent["name"]=input("Enter name :")

currentStudent["modules"]= readModules()

students.append(currentStudent)

def readModules():

modules = []

moduleName = input("\tEnter the first Module name (blank to quit) :").strip()

while moduleName != "":

module = {}

module["name"]= moduleName

# I am not doing error handling

module["grade"]=int(input("\t\tEnter grade:"))

modules.append(module)

# now read the next module name

moduleName = input("\tEnter next module name (blank to quit) :").strip()

return modules

def doView():

# we fill this in later

print(students)

#main program

choice = displayMenu()

while(choice != 'q'):

# we could do this with lamda functions

# I am keeping this basic for the moment

if choice == 'a':

doAdd()

elif choice == 'v':

doView()

elif choice !='q':

print("\n\nplease select either a,v or q")

choice=displayMenu()

1. Ok I am going to be mean and say how would you do the doView() function?

You can approach it the same way we did do add, just print out all the student names first and then make a function called displayModules() and call that after to print each name.

## Conclusion

def displayModules(modules):

print ("\tName \tGrade")

for module in modules:

print("\t{} \t{}".format(module["name"], module["grade"]))

def doView():

for currentStudent in students:

print(currentStudent["name"])

displayModules(currentStudent["modules"]);

Ok we don’t write menus like this anymore.

The purpose of this exercise is for you to see how to break down a program into little bits that you can handle.